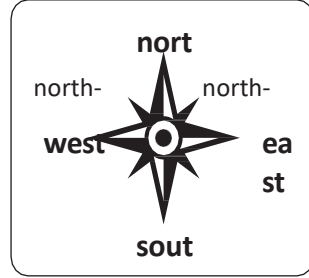


Interconnected World

Knowledge			Vocabulary
Maps, charts and atlases contain data about countries, such as their population and land height. Political maps show the locations of countries and cities. Physical maps show the location of physical features.	There are eight points on a compass. There are four cardinal points: north, south, east and west. There are four intercardinal points: north-east, north-west, south-east and south-west. People use the cardinal and intercardinal points to give directions and plot human and physical features on maps.		colonisation immigration line of latitude line of Longitude mangrove forest
The tropics is an area between two imaginary lines of latitude, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, which lie on either side of the equator. The Tropic of Cancer lies 23°N of the equator in the Northern Hemisphere. The Tropic of Capricorn lies 23°S of the equator in the Southern Hemisphere. The tropics is an area of significance. It contains 95% of the world's mangrove forests, which absorb large amounts of carbon dioxide from the atmosphere and release oxygen. The hot and wet climate produces fresh food all year round, which is shipped worldwide, such as rice, bananas and mangoes.	A grid reference is used to locate a grid square on a map. To find a four-figure grid reference, you follow the horizontal axis, called the easting, from west to east, and then the vertical axis, called the northing, from south to north, until they meet at the bottom left-hand corner of the square you want to reference. The easting followed by the northing makes a four-figure grid reference.	Cultural studies of a country include the language, religion and values of the people who originate from or live in a particular place. The countries in North and South America have a range of different cultures, which have been influenced by indigenous peoples, European colonisation and immigration.	originate principle terminate